

MIT Haystack Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS) Testing Facility

Mark Derome



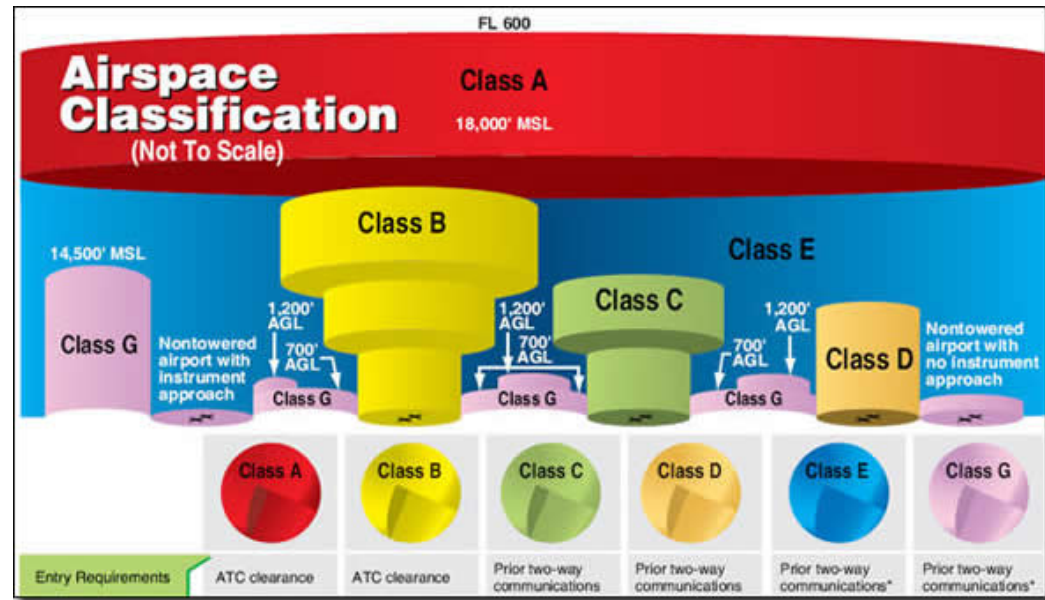
Definitions: UAV vs. UAS

- UAV: Unmanned Aircraft/Aerial Vehicle
- UAV: vehicle only
- UAS: Unmanned Aircraft/Aerial System
- UAS: system includes vehicle and ground control station and any other components

Science applications of UASes for NEROC

- Aerial inspection of large technical facilities (i.e., radome, antennas)
- Antenna array pattern testing for geospace radar
- Arctic electro-magnetic induction (EMI) ice thickness measurements
- GIS (Geographic Information System) mapping to generate ortho-mosaics and digital surface maps: broad application
- Plus many other applications for NEROC radio science and related fields

Federal Aviation Administration and National Airspace



Expertise and testing facility are necessary

- FAA 333 exemptions (old regulations)
 - Manned aircraft pilot's license was required
- Part 107: August 29, 2016 (new regulations)
 - Remote pilot license required
 - 400 feet maximum height
 - Less than 55 pounds
 - Visual line of sight
 - Knowledge of regulations, weather, other expertise necessary
- Safety
 - Best practices for safety management systems (40 hour course)
 - Li-ion batteries need special handling
 - Vehicle handling practices

Boston area airspace

- A lot going on!
- Airspace regulations around airports and heavily populated areas



Haystack: current capabilities

- Class G airspace in proximity to research institutions
- Netted enclosure for unlicensed operators, unregistered vehicles, and untested platforms
- 1,300 acres, including existing 5-acre test field
- Expertise and trained personnel



Autonomous mission testing



MIT
HAYSTACK
OBSERVATORY

Haystack: forthcoming capabilities

- Expanded facilities
 - Enlarged netted enclosure
 - Wireless access and power in the field
- Use of fabrication equipment for rapid prototyping



GIS mapping software demonstration



Summary

- Unmanned aerial systems (UAS) will be everywhere:
 - More sophisticated
 - More autonomous
 - Rapidly becoming more useful and research-relevant
- Haystack has UAS expertise and technology for the NEROC community
- Examples: collecting geophysical data in hard-to-reach areas
 - Australia and South Africa: surveying areas for antenna deployment (i.e., MWA)
 - Amazon rain forest: collecting ionospheric measurements in equatorial regions
 - Antarctica and Arctic: monitoring the break-up of icebergs
- Science applications for this technology are expanding